

Worked All Zones Award Rules

All WAZ Award information is included in this PDF. Broken down in the following eight sections:

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Section 8. WAZ Zone/Country/Entities List**

Section 1. Introduction

The CQ Worked All Zones Award (WAZ) and its variations are issued to any licensed Radio Amateur Station presenting proof of contact with all 40 CQ Zones.

This proof consists of proper QSL cards; which in many cases may be checked by any of the authorized check points or sent directly to the WAZ Award Manager. (List of authorized check points are available from the CQ WAZ page)

The WAZ program is one of the longest running in ham radio, having its start prior to WWII.

While the WAZ program involves the use of "DX Entities," it does not rely on any particular "Entity's" status as a country. The WAZ award is geographically focused, which is where its challenge lies.

WAZ Award correspondence can be directed to the WAZ Award Manager:

José A. Castillo - N4BAA
6773 South State Road 103
Straughn, IN 47387
USA
[e-mail: n4baa@arri.net](mailto:n4baa@arri.net)

Application Form, Rules and Zone Map are available in .PDF format from the CQ Magazine WAZ Rules web page or from the WAZ Award Manager. The request may be made by sending and email to the WAZ Manager with "WAZ Info Request" as the subject line, or snail mail by sending a business size (#10) SASE to either CQ Magazine or the WAZ Manager with 2 ounces of First Class postage with "WAZ Info Request" on the envelope.

Section 2. General Rules

All QSO's must be made by a licensed Amateur Radio Operator, from a licensed Amateur Radio station, using only modes of emission and transmitter output power as permitted by the local licensing authority. QSO's with stations other than Radio Amateur (such as MARS, Commercial or Military) are ineligible for the WAZ award.

All QSO's must be conducted within the radio spectrum as authorized for that licensee by the local licensing authority

Any WAZ applicant found to be operating outside the bounds of their license may be disqualified from the WAZ program.

All contacts must be made from within the same DXCC Entity.

QSO's made by the same applicant using previous callsigns from that same DXCC entity are acceptable. Proof of holding those previous callsigns is requested.

The Official CQ WAZ Zone Map and the printed zone list are used to determine the zone in which a station is located.

If a problem is found with your application or QSL cards, we will attempt to contact you via email to inform you of the issue and attempt to resolve it with you.

The submission of any WAZ award application acknowledges consent to abide by the decisions of the CQ WAZ Manager and the CQ Awards Committee.

Decisions of the CQ DX Advisory Committee on any matter pertaining to the administration of this award are final.

Section 3. QSO 's and QSL's

All QSO's must be two-way with both stations using the same mode of emission.

QSL Cards must include:

1. Callsigns of both stations
2. Date of QSO
3. Time of QSO (UTC preferred)
4. Band or Frequency of QSO
5. Mode of QSO
6. The QTH of the station worked (country, state, city). Indication of the CQ zone is optional

QSL Cards not including the information above may be returned to the applicant for replacement, and not credited towards the WAZ award.

Electronic verifications from sources approved by CQ are acceptable. See the CQ website for acceptable online sources.

Ineligible QSOs:

Cross-Band

Cross-Mode

Aeronautical Mobile

Maritime Mobile

Stations located on floating ice

Ships anchored in port

Except for Satellite QSOs contacts made by the use of repeaters or non-RF paths

Any altered or forged confirmations submitted by an applicant for WAZ credit may result in permanent disqualification. The WAZ Manager may request the resubmission of certain

confirmations. The failure to resubmit QSLs in a timely manner when requested by the WAZ Manager may result in the recall of the award in question.

Section 4. WAZ Award Types

WAZ By Mode			
Mode	QSOs on or After	Field Checking	Notes
Mixed	14 November 1945	Yes	See Note 1
AM	14 November 1945	Yes	
SSB	14 November 1945	Yes	
CW	14 November 1945	Yes	
RTTY	14 November 1945	Yes	
SSTV	1 January 1973	Yes	
Digital	1 January 2000	Yes	See Note 2
Satellite	1 January 1989	No	See Note 4
EME	1 January 1973	No	See Note 4

WAZ By Band				
Band	Mode	QSOs on or After	Field Checking	Notes
160 Meters	Mixed Only	1 January 1975	No	See Notes 3 & 4
80, 40, 20, 15, 10	Any Single Mode	1 January 1973	Yes	No Mixed Mode

30	Any Single Mode	1 January 1991	Yes	No Mixed Mode
17	Any Single Mode	1 January 1991	Yes	No Mixed Mode
12	Any Single Mode	1 January 1991	Yes	No Mixed Mode
6	Mixed Mode	1 January 1973	No	See Note 4

WAZ By Technology			
Type	QSOs on or After	Field Checking	Notes
Traditional (Local control)	14 November 1945	Yes	See Note 5
Remote (combined local/remote control)	14 November 1945 for local-control QSOs; 1 January 2015 for remote	Yes	See Note 5
All-Remote	1 January 2015	Yes	See Note 5

Note 1: The process of endorsing a CW/Phone WAZ Award has been discontinued. The old CW/Phone WAZ Award has been renamed MIXED Mode WAZ.

Note 2: This WAZ award is designed to encourage activity and experimentation using any of the digital modes available to amateurs. The list includes, but is not limited to, PSK-31, AMTOR, PACTOR, and Spread Spectrum. QSL cards must indicate the specific mode used for the QSO. RTTY does not count for this award, as it has its own award. This award will not be endorsed for any specific digital mode. You may elect to use a single digital mode or different digital modes in working toward this WAZ award.

Note 3: The 160 Meter WAZ Award requires that the applicant submit QSL cards from at least 30 zones. Endorsement stickers are issued at the 36, 37, 38, 39, and 40 zone levels.

Note 4: The Satellite, EME and 6 Meter WAZ Awards require that the applicant submit QSL cards from at least 25 zones. Endorsement stickers are issued at the

35, 36, 37, 38, 39 and 40 zone levels. The Satellite and EME Awards are not band specific; you may apply QSOs from multiple bands. **Applications and cards for these awards must be submitted to the WAZ Award Manager.**

Note 5: There are three technology categories recognized for the WAZ Award: Traditional, Remote and All-Remote.

- a. Traditional - The operator is physically present at the station location (location of transmitter, receiver and antenna) for all contacts. All contacts must be made from within the same DX entity.
- b. Remote - The operator uses remote station technology to make one or more claimed contacts on or after January 1, 2015. All contacts must be made from within the same DX entity. Remote WAZ awards will be numbered separately from Traditional awards.
- c. All-Remote - The operator uses remote station technology on or after January 1, 2015 to make *all* claimed contacts. All contacts must be made from within the same DX entity. All--Remote WAZ awards will be numbered separately from Traditional and Remote awards.

Special Endorsements

All WAZ Awards (except 5BWAZ and 160 WAZ) may be endorsed for unique situations, as provided for in the rules for each specific award, such as all QRP or all mobile provided the application includes an additional signed statement from the applicant that so states it was done via QRP or /M.

There is no special numbering system for these awards and they must still meet all the other requirements for CQ Awards.

5 Band WAZ

Applicants who succeed in presenting proof of contact with the 40 zones of the world on each of the 80, 40, 20, 15, and 10 Meter bands (for a total of 200) receive a special certificate in recognition of this achievement. There are separate numbering tracks for Traditional, Remote and All-Remote 5BWAZ Awards.

NOTE: A prerequisite for 5 Band WAZ is that the applicant must already be a holder of any 40-zone WAZ. THE NUMBER, DATE, AND AWARD TYPE MUST BE INDICATED ON THE 5BWAZ APPLICATION

The first plateau is a total of 150 zones across any combination of the 5 bands listed above. A certificate will be issued with a unique award number, indicating the initial number of zones confirmed.

After reaching the 150 zone plateau, each 10 zones requires the submission of QSL cards and the application fee.

Upon reaching 200 zones confirmed, the applicant will be issued a 200 zones endorsement sticker to affix to their 5BWAZ certificate that was previously issued. No other endorsement stickers are issued.

Upon reaching the 200 zones level, the applicant may wish to purchase an engraved plaque to acknowledge the achievement.

MODES: Mixed Mode ONLY. The 5 Band WAZ Award is not available for any single mode.

QSLs accepted: Contacts for Traditional 5BWAZ must have been made after 0000Z January 1, 1979. Contacts for Remote or All-Remote 5BWAZ must have been made after 0000Z January 1, 2015.

Card checking: Checking of 5BWAZ awards by CQ awards checkpoints is available **for initial applications of up to 170 cards.**

Applicants wishing to submit more than 170 cards may do as follows:

Submit 170 cards to a checkpoint. Once these cards are approved and the application is signed by the checkpoint, another application can be prepared for the additional cards (as an endorsement). The original application (signed by the checkpoint) must be submitted along with the endorsement application and cards to the WAZ Award Manager.

ALL QSLs TO ENDORSE A 5BWAZ AWARD MUST BE PRESENTED TO THE WAZ AWARDS MANAGER

Application forms: CQ form 1479 or a facsimile shall be used. A separate application form is required for each band.

NOTE: For Multi-band QSLs please include a summary sheet indicating the callsign and bands for each particular card. This will aid in checking of QSL cards. If the applicant wishes his/her QSOs be added to their LoTW account, an Excel file with all required QSO data will be most helpful. An Excel file can be downloaded from the CQ WAZ page or requested from the Award Manager.

Section 5. Applying for the WAZ Award

The Application Form

CQ Form 1479 or a facsimile shall be used for all submissions. This form shall include the following:

1. Callsigns used by the applicant, as shown on the QSL cards
2. Name of Applicant
3. Complete Mailing Address of Applicant
4. Date of Application
5. Type of WAZ Award being applied for (mixed, SSB, Single Band)
6. Zone of Contacted Station
7. Callsign of Contacted Station
8. Date of QSO (YYYY-MM-DD) format
9. Time of QSO (HH:MM:SS) format
10. Band (Not freq) For example (80M, 40M 10M)
11. Mode of QSO
12. Applicant's e-mail address

Submitting the Application Form

PLEASE COMPLETE THE APPLICATION FORM USING BLOCK LETTERS OR TYPE THE APPLICATION. THE INFORMATION MUST BE LEGIBLE.

Submit only **ONE** award per application. Each application must be accompanied by the appropriate application fee or it will not be processed. See the Processing Fee Schedule.

If the CQ WAZ application includes nothing but LoTW QSOs, no further action other than submitting the LoTW application is required. It would help if the award application type is noted in the NOTES / COMMENTS field of the LoTW application.

If the CQ WAZ application includes QSLs that will be checked by an authorized CQ WAZ card checker OR sent to the CQ WAZ Award Manger, form 1479 is required. Additionally, it is **HIGHLY** helpful to also email your QSOs in an EXCEL file to the CQ WAZ Award Manager. This helps update the applicable LoTW account; otherwise, you may be charged a fee to have your QSOs manually typed up by the Award Manager. Excel file can be requested from the Award Manager as well.

If the CQ WAZ application includes eQSL or a combination of eQSL and LoTW and or physical QSLs, please submit application as indicated in the previous paragraph.

If you are a CQ Subscriber, include the mailing label (or photocopy) of your most recent issue of CQ Magazine or proof of your digital subscription with your application.

Single Band WAZ awards may be applied for credit on a 5BWAZ application.

Plaques and Certificates

Effective September 1, 2022 the 'standard' award certificate will be a high-definition digital award (suitable for printing and framing) delivered via email from the award manager the same day as the CQ WAZ Award Letter is sent.

The traditional CQ WAZ “hand-lettered” Award is available directly from CQ for an additional \$19.00 USD fee which includes shipping. Payment for Hand Lettered Certificates should be paid to the Award Manager via any of the payment methods outlined in Section 7.

Award recipients who would like to purchase a customized plaque for any earned 40 Zone award, contact the CQ WAZ Award Manager directly for details. These plaques are delivered within 60 days globally.

Hand-Lettered WAZ Certificates are mailed 150-180 days after processing of your application. WAZ Plaques will be received within 30 days for all United States award recipients and within 60 days for all others.

Plaques are processed directly from the CQ WAZ Award manager.

Certificates are processed from CQ's office in New York and not by the WAZ Award Manager or Check Points.

Section 6. Postage Suggestions

Return Postage

Be sure to include sufficient return postage with your application. Suggestions for mailing from the USA are provided below:

Continent	First Class 40 Cards	First Class + Registered40
North America	\$6.00	\$19.00
Europe	\$15.00	\$27.00
Asia	\$15.00	\$27.00
South America	\$15.00	\$27.00
Africa	\$15.00	\$27.00

Continent	First Class 200	First Class + Registered200
North America	\$10.00	\$28.00
Europe	\$22.00	\$40.00
Asia	\$22.00	\$40.00
South America	\$22.00	\$40.00
Africa	\$22.00	\$40.00

If insufficient (or no funds) are provided, QSL cards will be returned by the appropriate route. This may mean that QSL cards will be returned via 3rd class mail or sea mail.

It is up to the applicant to indicate the method of returning their QSL cards.

It is the responsibility of the applicant to pack their QSL cards in such a way that they will not be damaged or lost in the mail.

The WAZ Awards Manager is required to pack all returned QSLs in accordance with US Postal and US Customs Regulations.

Section 7. Processing Fees

Fees shall be paid by the following methods:

1. U.S. currency
2. Cashier's Check or Money Order (U.S. or Canadian Banks only - US Funds only)
3. Bank Draft (U.S. or Canadian Banks only - US Funds only)
4. Personal Checks (drawn on US Banks only) made out to **Jose Castillo** only.
5. You can now pay for your WAZ fees via Pay Pal. The account is in the name of the n4baa@arrl.net (friends and family please).

Remember to include additional funds for the safe return of your cards.

Processing Fee Schedule		
Award	CQ Subscriber	Non-CQ Subscriber
Any "40 QSL" WAZ Award (including 160 Meters)	\$6.00	\$12.00
"Basic 5BWAZ" application fee (First 150 Zones)	\$10.00	\$15.00
5BWAZ endorsement application fee (Each Add'l 10 zones)	\$2.00	\$5.00
160, 6, EME, Satellite endorsement application fee	\$2.00	\$5.00
160, 6, EME, Satellite endorsement stickers (35,36,37,38,39,40 zones)	\$2.00 each	\$2.00 each
WAZ Certificate Replacement (due to loss/damage)	\$20.00	\$30.00
5BWAZ or 160 Meter Plaque (shipped to USA address)	\$115.00	\$115.00
5BWAZ or 160 Meter Plaque air shipment (non-USA address)	\$150.00	\$150.00

Section 8. WAZ Zone/Country/Entities List

Zone 1. Northwestern Zone of North America: **KL (Alaska), **VY1** Yukon, **VE8** the Northwest and **VY0** Nunavut Territories west of 102 degrees (Includes the islands of Victoria, Banks, Melville, and Prince Patrick).**

Zone 2. Northeastern Zone of North America: **VO2 (Labrador), the portion of **VE2** Quebec north of the 50th parallel, and Nunavut Territories east of 102 degrees (Includes the islands of King Christian, King William, Prince of Wales, Somerset, Bathurst, Devon, Ellesmere, Baffin and the Melville and Boothia Peninsulas, excluding Akimiski Island, Bear Islands and East Pen Island in Hudson Bay).**

Zone 3. Western Zone of North America: **VE7 (British Columbia), **W6**, and the **W7** states of Arizona, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, and Washington.**

Zone 4. Central Zone of North America: **VE3 (Ontario), **VE4** (Manitoba), **VE5** (Saskatchewan), **VE6** (Alberta), **VY0** Akimiski Island, and Bear Islands, and Fox Island and East Pen Island in Hudson Bay. The **W7** states of Montana and Wyoming, **W0**, **W9**, **W8** (except West Virginia), **W5**, and the **W4** states of Alabama, Tennessee, and Kentucky.**

Zone 5. Eastern Zone of North America: **4UIUN, **CY9** (St. Paul Is.), **CY0** (Sable Is.), **FP** (St. Pierre Miquelon), **VE1** (Nova Scotia) and **VE9** (New Brunswick), **VY2** (Prince Edward Is.), **VO1** (Newfoundland) and the portion of **VE2** Quebec south of the 50th parallel. **VP9** (Bermuda), **W1**, **W2**, **W3** and the **W4** states of Florida, Georgia, South Carolina, North Carolina, Virginia and the **W8** state of West Virginia.**

Zone 6. Southern Zone of North America: **XE (Mexico), **XF4** (Revilla Gigedo).**

Zone 7. Central American Zone: **FO (Clipperton), **HK0** (San Andres Is.), **HP** (Panama), **HR** (Honduras), **TG** (Guatemala), **TI** (Costa Rica), **TI9** (Cocos Is.), **V3** (Belize), **YN** (Nicaragua) and **YS** (El Salvador).**

Zone 8. West Indies Zone: **C6 (Bahamas), **CO** (Cuba), **FG** (Guadeloupe), **FJ** (St. Barts), **FM** (Martinique), **FS** (Saint Martin), **HH** (Haiti), **HI** (Dominican Republic), **J3** (Grenada), **J6** (St. Lucia), **J7** (Dominica), **J8** (St. Vincent), **KG4** (Guantanamo Base), **KP1** (Navassa Is.), **KP2** (Virgin Islands), **KP4** (Puerto Rico), **KP5** (Navassa Is.), **PJ5** (Eustatius), **PJ6** (Saba), **PJ7** (Sint Maarten), **V2** (Antigua and Barbuda), **V4** (St. Kitts and Nevis), **VP2E** (Anguilla), **VP2M** (Montserrat), **VP2V** (British Virgin Is.), **VP5** (Turks and Caicos Is.), **YV0** (Aves Is.), **ZF** (Cayman Is.), **6Y** (Jamaica), and **8P** (Barbados).**

Zone 9. Northern Zone of South America: **FY (French Guyana), **HK** (Colombia), **HK0** (Malpelo Is.), **PJ2** (Curacao), **PJ4** (Bonaire), **PZ** (Surinam), **YV** (Venezuela), **8R** (Guiana), **P4** (Aruba) and **9Y** (Trinidad and Tobago Is.).**

Zone 10. Western Zone of South America: CP (Bolivia), HC (Ecuador), HC8 (Galapagos Is.), and OA (Peru).

Zone 11. Central Zone of South America: PY (Brazil), PY0 (Fernando de Noronha, PY0 (St. Peter and Paul Rocks) and PY0 Trinidad Martin Vaz, ZP (Paraguay).

Zone 12. Southwest Zone of South America: CE (Chile), CE0 (Easter Is.), CE0(Juan Fernandez Is.), CE0 (San Felix Is.), 3Y (Peter I) and some Antarctic stations (See Notes Below).

Zone 13. Southeast Zone of South America: CX (Uruguay), LU (Argentina), VP8 Falklands, VP8 South Georgia, VP8 South Orkney, VP8 South Shetlands, VP8 South Sandwich and some Antarctic stations (See Notes Below)

Zone 14. Western Zone of Europe: C3 (Andorra), CT (Portugal), CU (Azores Is.), DL (Germany), EA (Spain), EA6 (Balearic Is.), EI (Ireland), F (France), G (England), GD (Isle of Man), GI (Northern Ireland), GJ (Jersey), GM (Scotland), GU (Guernsey), GW (Wales), HB (Switzerland), HB0(Liechtenstein), LA (Norway), LX (Luxembourg), ON (Belgium), OY (Faroe Is.), OZ (Denmark), PA (Netherlands), SM (Sweden), ZB (Gibraltar), 3A (Monaco) and 4U1ITU (ITU, Geneva).

Zone 15. Central European Zone: E7 (Bosnia Herzegovina), ES (Estonia), HA (Hungary), HV (Vatican), I (Italy), IS0 (Sardinia), LY (Lithuania), OE (Austria), OH (Finland), OH0 (Aland Is.), OJ0 (Market Reef), OK (Czech Rep.), OM (Slovakia), S5 (Slovenia), SP (Poland), T7 (San Marino), TK (Corsica), UA2, RA2, UB2-UI2 (Kaliningrad), YL (Latvia), YU (Serbia), YU6 (Kosovo), ZA (Albania), Z3 (Macedonia), Z6 Kosovo, 1A0 (SMOM), 4O (Montenegro), 9A (Croatia), 9H (Malta).

Zone 16. Eastern Zone of Europe: EW (Belarus), ER (Moldova), UA1, UA2(except for RA2 and UA2-UI2), UA3. UA4, UA5, UA6, UA7, UA9, UA9 (S, T, W), and UR (Ukraine).

Zone 17. Western Zone of Siberia: EX (Kirgizstan), EY (Tajikistan), EZ (Turkmenistan), R11, UA8, 9 (A, B, C, D, F, G, J, K, L, M, N, Q, R, X), UK (Uzbekistan), UN (Kazakhstan).

Zone 18. Central Siberian Zone: UA8,9 (H, I, O, P, U, V, Y, Z), and UAO (A, B, H, O, R, S, T, U, V, W)

Zone 19. Eastern Siberian Zone: UA0 (C, D, F, I, J, K, L, Q, X, Z)

Zone 20. Balkan Zone: E4 (Palestine), JY (Jordan), LZ (Bulgaria), OD (Lebanon), SV (Greece), SV/A (Mt. Athos), SV5 (Dodecanese), SV9 (Crete), TA (Turkey), YK (Syria), YO (Romania), ZC4 (UK Sovern Bases), 4X (Israel) and 5B (Cyprus).

Zone 21. Southwestern Zone of Asia: A4 (Oman), A6 (United Arab Emirates), A7 (Qatar), A9 (Bahrain), AP (Pakistan), EK (Armenia), EP (Iran), HZ (Saudi Arabia), YA (Afghanistan), YI (Iraq), 4J (Azerbaijan), 4L (Georgia), 7O (excluding Socotra I. and Abd al Kuri Is.) and 9K (Kuwait).

Zone 22. Southern Zone of Asia: A5 (Bhutan), S2 (Bangladesh), VU (India), VU (Lakshadweep Is.), 4S (Sri Lanka), 8Q (Maldives.), and 9N (Nepal).

Zone 23. Central Zone of Asia: JT (Mongolia), UA0Y, BY3G-L (NeiMenggu), BY9G-L (GanSu), BY9M-R (NingXia), BY9S-Z (QingHai) and BY0.

Zone 24. Eastern Zone of Asia: BV9P (Pratas Is.), BV (Taiwan), BY1, BY2, BY3A-F (TianJin), BY3M-R (HeBei), BY3S-X (ShanXi), BY4, BY5, BY6, BY7, BY8, BY9A-F (ShaanXi), VR (Hong Kong), and XX (Macau).

Zone 25. Japanese Zone: HL (South Korea), JA (Japan), and P5 (North Korea).

Zone 26. Southeastern Zone of Asia: * (Parcel Islands), 3W (Vietnam), E2 (Thailand), VU (Andaman and Nicobar Islands), XU (Cambodia), XW (Laos), XZ (Myanmar), and 1S/9M0 (Spratly Islands)

Zone 27. Philippine Zone: BS7 (Scarborough Reef), DU (Philippines), JD1 (Minami Torishima), JD1 (Ogasawara), T8 (Palau), KH2 (Guam), KH0 (Mariana Is.), V6 (Fed. States of Micronesia).

Zone 28. Indonesian Zone: H4 (Solomon Is.), P2 (Papua New Guinea), V8 (Brunei), YB (Indonesia), 4W (East Timor), 9M (West and East Malaysia) and 9V (Singapore).

Zone 29. Western Zone of Australia: VK6 (Western Australia), VK8 (Northern Territory), VK9X (Christmas Is.), VK9C (Cocos-Keeling Is.) and some Antarctic stations :(See Notes Below)

Zone 30. Eastern Zone of Australia: FK/C (Chesterfield Is.), VK1 (Capital Territory), VK2 (New South Wales), VK3 (Victoria) and VK4 (Queensland), VK5 (South Australia), VK7 (Tasmania), VK9L (Lord Howe Is.), VK9M (Mellish Reef), VK9 (Willis Is.), VK0M (Macquarie Is.) and some Antarctic stations (See Notes Below).

Zone 31. Central Pacific Zone: C2 (Nauru), FO (Marquesas), KH1 (Baker Howland Is.), KH3 (Johnson Is.), KH4 (Midway Is.), KH5K (Kingman Reef), KH5 (Palmyra Jarvis), KH6 (Hawaii), KH7K(Kure), KH9 (Wake Is), T2 (Tuvalu), T30 (Western Kiribati), T31 (Central Kiribati), and T32 (Eastern Kiribati),T33 (Bananba Is), V7 (Marshall Is.), and ZK3 (Tokelau)

Zone 32. New Zealand Zone: A3 (Tonga), E5 (North and South Cook Is.) FK New Caledonia but NOT Chesterfield Is.), FO (French Polynesia and Austral Is. but NOT Marquesas and Clipperton), FW (Wallis Is.), H40(Temotu), KH8 (American Samoa), KH8S (Swains), VK9N (Norfolk Is.), VP6 (Pitcairn and Ducie), YJ (Vanuatu), ZK2 (Niue Is.), ZL (New Zealand), ZL7 (Chatham Is.), ZL8 (Kermadec Is.), ZL9 (Auckland and Campbell Is.), 3D2 (Fiji, Rotuma, and Conway Reef), 5W (Western Samoa) and some Antarctic stations (See Notes Below).

Zone 33. Northwestern Zone of Africa: CN (Morocco), CT3 (Madeira Is), EA8 (Canary Is.), EA9 (Ceuta and/or Melilla), IG9 (Pelagic Is.), IH9 IG9 (Pantelleria Is. or Pelagic Islands), S0 (Western Sahara), 3V (Tunisia), and 7X (Algeria).

Zone 34. Northeastern Zone of Africa: ST (Sudan), SU (Egypt), Z8 (South Sudan) and 5A (Libya).

Zone 35. Central Zone of Africa: C5 (The Gambia), D4 (Cape Verde Is.), EL (Liberia), J5 (Guinea Bissau), TU (Cote d'Ivoire), TY (Benin), TZ (Mali), XT (Burkina Faso), 3X (Guinea), 5N (Nigeria), 5T (Mauritania), 5U (Niger), 5V (Togo), 6W (Senegal), 9G (Ghana) and 9L (Sierra Leone).

Zone 36. Equatorial Zone of Africa: D2 (Angola), S9 (Sao Tome Principe), TJ (Cameroon), TL (Central African Rep.), TN (Congo), TR (Gabon), TT (Chad), ZD7 (St. Helena Is.), ZD8 (Ascension Is.), 3C (Equatorial Guinea), 3C0 (Annobon Is.), 9J (Zambia), 9Q (Democratic Rep. of Congo), 9U (Burundi) and 9X (Rwanda).

Zone 37. Eastern Zone of Africa: C9 (Mozambique), ET (Ethiopia), E3 (Eritrea), J2 (Djibouti), T5 (Somalia), 5H (Tanzania), 5X (Uganda), 5Z (Kenya), 7O (Socotra and Abd al Kuri islands ONLY) and 7Q (Malawi).

Zone 38. South African Zone: A2 (Botswana), V5 (Namibia), ZD9 (Tristan da Cunha Gough Is.), Z2 (Zimbabwe), ZS (South Africa) and ZS8 (Marion Is), 3DA (Swaziland), 3Y (Bouvet Is.), 7P (Lesotho), and some Antarctic stations (See Notes Below)

Zone 39. Madagascar Zone: D6 (Comoros), FH (Mayotte), FR (Reunion), FT-G (Glorioso), FT-J&E (Juan de Nova and Europa), FT-T (Tromelin), FT-W (Crozet Is.), FT-X (Kerguelen Is.), FT-Z (Amsterdam St. Paul Is.), S7 (Seychelles), VK0 (Heard Is.), VQ9 (Chagos), 3B6/7 (Agalega St. Brandon Is.), 3B8 (Mautitius Is.), 3B9 (Rodriguez Is.), 5R (Madagascar) and some Antarctic stations (See Notes Below)

Zone 40. North Atlantic Zone: JW (Svalbard), JX (Jan Mayen), OX (Greenland), RI1FJ (Franz Josef Land), and TF (Iceland).

(* The Paracel Islands have no official or unofficial prefix

Antarctic notes:

The boundaries of CQ zones 12, 13, 29, 30, 32, 38 and 39 converge at the South Pole.

Stations KC4AAA and KC4USN are at the South Pole and will count for any one of the listed zones. Most Antarctic stations indicate their zone on the QSL card.

June 2022